

SLAC Magnetic Measurement Plan and Traveler for the FACET Quadrupole Magnet Q3E#3 Q202341T (style 1.625Q27.3)
Account Number to be charged: 9141204

This traveler covers the magnetic measurements plan for one of two water-cooled quadrupoles, of engineering type 1.625Q27.3, called Q3E#3, to be used as Q202341T in sector 20 in FACET. This quadrupole was made in 1986 at SLAC and previously ran in the SLC arcs here at SLAC. Consequently it may have a very little residual radioactivity, the levels are marked on radiation tags and Jim Allan (ext 4064) can provide you further information on the type of radiation and what precautions you should take when handling these magnets.

This magnet weighs about 1375 lb, and comes to you on its final T1 mount. It has yellow labels that indicate its beamline position in FACET (Q202341T). It will run in series with 3 other quads: Q3E#1, Q3E#2 and Q3E#4. Two booster power supplies will provide extra current to all.

1. Receiving Information:

Received by (MM initials)	SJD 9/2/2010
Date received : (dd-mm-yyyy):	SEP 2 2010
Checked Magnet Number(Q3E#3),Optics name(Q202341T)	
Magnet Engineer (Cherrill Spencer or her substitute) verifies that this magnet is ready to be magnetically measured. The refurbishment is finished as much as it can be at this time.	CMSpencer 1st Sept 2010
If quad does not have a barcode sticker then ask Magnet Engineer to add one and she will write the 6 digit barcode number here:	002597

Retrieve past measurements (from July 1986, when this magnet was called 53Q9 or 1.625Q27.3#5. Attach copy of old record (from David Jensen):

53Q9, old measurements attached (check):	
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Preparation:

2. Power and LCW Connections: Unipolar PS $\geq 300A$, 40 V required. Cosine-shaped ramp that mimics the ramps produced by an Ethernet-driven controller. You will not use a booster PS. High pressure LCW system will be needed to cool this magnet in your measurement lab.

3. Magnet Orientation:

A beam direction arrow, should be visible on the top or side of the core, .Notice: This magnet has coil interconnects, power terminals and water fittings **downstream**. If there is no arrow, contact Cherrill Spencer, x3474.

Beam-direction arrow in place (initials):	SJD
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UPSTREAM. CMSpencer
19 Jan 2011

4. Magnet Alignment:

This magnet has sockets for 4 old tooling balls (TBs), they were last fiducialized in 1986 and now have new TB sockets. Alignment crew should do a translation from old to new TBs (as

Cherrill previously discussed with them), could be done before magnet arrives at MMG.

Fiducialization of new TB complete (Alignment Initials :) L E J M

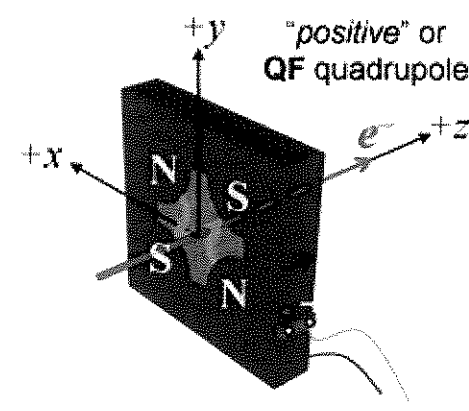
Alignment crew should do set up on measurement stand, and use the x,y,z axes of the whole magnet (as defined by TB measurements) such that the roll angle (angle of horizontal axis) is less than about 0.2 milliradian (or as small as possible), and pitch and yaw is also minimized. Fiducialization data on location of tooling balls with respect to geometric axis when poles are aligned perfectly horizontally should be saved.

Alignment completed, Roll Angle = ≈ 0 millirad (Alignment Initials :) J M, L G

The rotating coil should have its windings oriented that a 'zero' angle quoted for a pole is indeed zero relative to the horizontal axis defined by the alignment crew. (Angle of first south pole, and of higher multipoles is important).

5. Power leads and polarity:

The required polarity for Q3E#3 is *focussing*. Looking downstream the upper-left pole should be a NORTH pole as shown in this figure:



Looking at terminals for system

Determine the electrical connection polarity (with supply outputting positive current) which produces the required magnetic field polarities.

Place + and - labels on or near the main power flags for the required polarity.

Polarity established, power +/- labels applied S D P

6. Cooling Water Flow Check:

Each quadrupole has 8 water circuits, 2 per coil, with 4 input and 5 output hoses with appropriate Ys. There is no water manifold coming with the quad, please use your own manifold. Adjust the differential pressure across each water circuit (deltaP) to be about 150 psi. Total water flow should be about 2.55 gpm. If you cannot adjust deltaP to 150 psi, first use 200 psi (or max), measure the flow, then make total flow 2.6 +/- 0.2 gpm by adjusting the valve).

	Water flow [gpm]	Check
Maximum delta P _____		
Adjusted to produce 2.6:	2.6 or 2.9	

7. Thermocouple placement and Thermal Test: (thermal test to be done on Q3E#3 only)

Place 5 thermocouples at these locations:

- any one of the coils – on the incoming LCW – on the outgoing LCW -elsewhere on bench for ambient temperature measurement – on the steel core near any pole tip.

Arrange for temperatures to be read at least once every 3 minutes for the following thermal test:

After water flow has been checked on each circuit, run JUST the FIRST quad to 250 A for three hours, reading the thermocouples, magnet current and voltage.

Confirm total LCW flow is 2.6 +/- 0.2 gpm	Flow is <u>2.9</u> gpm
Name of thermal test file and date of test	rtb r+dat.cul
URL of webpage where datafile stored	.. /Quad/Q3E#3
Final LCW temp (in) – Final LCW temp (out)	= <u>11.7</u> °C

If the rise in the LCW temperature is more than 12 deg C, something is wrong; stop, call Cherrill Spencer at x3474 or substitute.

8. Initialization:

To be done only once, after successful completion of the water flow check and Thermal Test above. Use the cosine ramp with an equivalent linear rate of 15 A per second; minimum current of 5 A, maximum current of 300 A and pause time of 120 seconds at the minimum and maximum currents. Take the quad from 5 A to 300 A and back 7 times, ending up at 5 A

Initialization completed: date , MMG initials:	<u>9/8/2010</u> <u>SDA</u>
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9. Standardisation parameters and detail: (For use in measurements below)

Ramp type: cosine shape

Minimum standardisation current: 5 amps

Maximum standardisation current : 250 amps

Pause time at minimum or maximum standardization current: 30 seconds

Equivalent linear ramp rate for standardization process: 15 amps/second (increasing or decreasing)

Start at 5 A and ramp up to 250 A and down to 5 A THREE times, finishing at 5 amps.

Setting to desired current (BDES) : ramp UP to BDES at 5 amps/second

All operating currents should be approached from below; except when I request a series of decreasing currents – these will be approached from a higher current. When moving from one current to another for the strength or harmonics measurements use 5 amps/second and wait at least 30 seconds after the operating current has been reached before making any magnetic measurements. Put basic standardization details in all datafile comments.

Confirm that magnet will ramp at 15 A/s (initials:)	<u>SDA</u>
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10. Poletip Field Measurements

When it is convenient, maybe when the rotating coil is not in the quad's aperture, please use a Hall probe to measure the poletip field at 208 amps (after a regular standardization procedure). Please make a correction in the field value for the thickness of the Hall probe.

Current	Actual current	Poletip field :
208 A nominal	208.190	0.78 +/- 0.01
Date and initials:	9/10/2010	SDA

11. Stretched Wire Measurement to calibrate the rotating coil:

If a stretched wire is used to calibrate the rotating coil then record the datafile name and URL URL:

http://www-group.slac.stanford.edu/met/MagMeas/MAGDATA/FACET_Sector_20/ Q3E#3 Q3E#3/Coil Calibration/wiredat.ru1
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12. Rotating Coil Magnetic Measurements: |G_{d1} and harmonics at various currents.

Purpose of these measurements is to find the transfer functions (Current required to reach a certain integrated gradient strength) especially for certain desired integrated gradients, and to check that the multipole harmonics do not exceed FACET requirements.

For Q3E#3, the desired |G_{d1} is -275.3202 kGauss (will need about 208 A)

Rotating Coil Designation (Name)	DC 34
Rotating Coil Radius	0.00889 0.00904

13. Integrated Strength Measurements:

Measure the integrated gradient |G_{d1} at these currents:

25, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250 amps

Then back to 25 amps from 250 amps, measure the |G_{d1} at the same set of currents in reverse order. Remember to ramp at 5 amps/second and wait for 30 seconds after reaching the new current before starting a measurement.

Data in steps 13, 14, 18, 19 will become REVERSE polarity measurements

Filename of Int. Strength Measurement	strdat .ru 2
Date of measurement, initials	9/10/2010

14. Harmonics Measurements:

Measure the strength and angle of each multipole component at 208 amps.

(or at the operating current provided after analysis of integrated strength measurement).

Multipole values should be given as a percentage of the quadrupole moment calculated at a 1cm radius. Also provide the magnetic center X and Y coordinates measured during the harmonics measurements at the above current.

Filename of Harmonics Measurement	hardat .ru 2
Date of measurement, initials	9/10/2010

15. Polarity Reversal Test: THIS TEST WILL BE DONE ON Q3E#3 as it is the first of the 1.625Q27.3 style quads to be measured.

REVERSE THE POLARITY OF Q3E#3 and redo the integrated strength and harmonics measurements (16, 17 below).

Swap the power cables on Q3E#3 when you have done its nominal polarity data-taking and standardize just ONCE in the new polarity and redo the measurements of integrated strength and harmonics, as indicated below.

The magnet engineer will do a comparison of the polynomials in the two polarities and decide if the single standardization is sufficient to maintain the behavior of the quad.

Then swap back to the original polarity and standardize JUST ONCE and do the strength and harmonics measurements again (18,19 below) and the magnet engineer will do a comparison analysis and tell you of she needs any further measurements or if the same reversing polarity test has to be done on all 1.625Q27.3 quads.

16. Reversed Polarity Integrated Strength Measurements:

Measure the integrated gradient $\int Gdl$ at these currents:

25, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250 amps

Then back to 25 amps from 250 amps, measure the $\int Gdl$ at the same set of currents in reverse order. Remember to ramp at 5 amps/second and wait for 30 seconds after reaching the new current before starting a measurement.

THESE RUNS IN STEPS
16, 17 WILL BECOME
THE STANDARD POLARITY TESTS

Filename of Int. Strength Measurement	strdat .ru 3
Date of measurement, initials	9/13/2010

17. Reversed Polarity Harmonics Measurements:

Measure the strength and angle of each multipole component at 208 amps.

(or at operating current provided after analysis of integrated strength measurement).

Multipole values should be given as a percentage of the quadrupole moment calculated at a 1cm radius. Also provide the magnetic center X and Y coordinates measured during the harmonics measurements at the above current.

Filename of Harmonics Measurement	hardat .ru 3
Date of measurement, initials	9/13/2010

18. Original Polarity Integrated Strength Measurements:

Measure the integrated gradient $\int Gdl$ at these currents:

25, 75, 100, 125, 150, 175, 200, 210, 220, 230, 240, 250 amps

Then back to 25 amps from 250 amps, measure the $\int Gdl$ at the same set of currents in reverse order. Remember to ramp at 5 amps/second and wait for 30 seconds after reaching the new current before starting a measurement.

Filename of Int. Strength Measurement	strdat .ru 4
Date of measurement, initials	9/13/2010

19. Original Polarity Harmonics Measurement:

Measure the strength and angle of each multipole component at 208 amps.

(or at operating current provided after analysis of integrated strength measurement).

Multipole values should be given as a percentage of the quadrupole moment calculated at a 1cm radius. Also provide the magnetic center X and Y coordinates measured during the harmonics measurements at the above current.

Filename of Harmonics Measurement	hardat .ru 4
Date of measurement, initials	9/13/2010

The magnet engineer will do a comparison of the polynomials in the two polarities and decide if the single standardization is sufficient to maintain the behavior of the quad.

Check with her/him before removal of Q3E#3 from bench.

Magnet Engineer Approval obtained	Cherrill Spencer 9/20/2010
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20. Saving and Distributing the Magnetic measurement data

Please post all data at

http://www-group.slac.stanford.edu/met/MagMeas/MAGDATA/FACET_Sector_20/quad/Q3E#3

in a subdirectory with the magnet name.

Please inform Magnet Engineer (Cherrill Spencer at cherrill@slac.stanford.edu (ext 3474). and /or achim@SLAC.Stanford.EDU, wittmer@SLAC.Stanford.EDU of FACET) when the strength and harmonic measurement data are available for inspection and analysis, and for final approval .

21. This section is to be completed by FACET Magnet Engineer.

Data been inspected & analyzed by Magnet Engineer	12 Jan 2011 CMZ/grew
Based on Magnet Engineer analysis of data can confirm the pre-assigned beamline location (optics-deck name):	Optics beamline location: Q3E#3 Q202341T
Quadrupole is released from Magnetics Group, signed and dated by FACET Magnet Engineer:	19 Jan 2011 CMZ/grew
Remove the LCW from the coils and take the magnet to the designated storage area. Signed & dated by MMG personnel:	Done Sept. 2010.

22. This section is to be completed by FACET Beam Physicist (Walter Wittmer).

Checked that integrated strength data is satisfactory and have generated the polynomial function for the controlling database to set the magnet. Nominal operating current is <u>207.2</u> ^① amps. Checked that this is within the capability of the assigned power supply <u>max 229 A, Max Str = 250A</u>	Signature and date: Wittmer 01/20/11
Checked that the multipole values at r=10mm are below the Physics Requirements tolerances (initial):	Wittmer
Magnet accepted for FACET (signed):	Wittmer
Date accepted (Month-Day-Year):	01/20/11

When this traveler is completed, attach it to the refurbishment traveler of this magnet and send these hardcopies to the designated person in Kathleen Ratcliffe's group at MS 18 to be scanned into a pdf file. Then that electronic file will be stored in a place TBD and the hardcopies will be returned to sit with the magnet until it is installed in the beamline.

Two travelers for this magnet been scanned into a pdf file; by <u>Catherine Creech</u>	Name of pdf file <u>magnet Q3E#3 Q202341T</u>
Two travelers been returned to sit with magnet in its "waiting for installation" place.	Signed & dated:

Further Tasks to be done on this magnet will be recorded on its Refurbishment Traveler.

END OF FACET Q3E#3 (Q202341T) MAGNET MAGNETIC MEASUREMENT PLAN AND TRAVELER

① current set point differs within string. Shunt resistor maybe required! Or use booster supply