SLAC Traveler for LCLS Gun Spectrometer Quadrupole Magnets

This traveler is intended to cover magnetic measurements for the three 'waterpipe' quadrupole magnets that are used in conjunction with the BXG gun spectrometer dipole magnet.

This technical note describes the details of the magnetic measurements needed to characterize the QG type quadrupole magnets (small green quadrupole magnets located in the gun and gunspectrometer region) and to characterize the embedded dipole correctors. The 3 magnets (QG01, QG02 and QG03) of this family are to be used only while running beam into the gun spectrometer beamline. For characterizing the beam energy spread for the nominal 1nC standard tuning only QG02 and QG03 are used. For measuring in more details the longitudinal properties of the beam, the three magnets are to be run. The standardization and calibration of these magnets will be done following a procedure similar to that of the ET magnets. However, steering coils are embedded in those magnets, so the calibration should be repeated while the correctors are on. Finally, since QG01 is on the main beamline, the remnant field in QG01 after switching it off and while beam is run in operation mode should not exceed 5Gauss in integrated gradient value.

A magnet of this family (borrowed from the GTF, before the poles were reshaped) had already been studied for determining the degaussing procedure. Results have been reported in http://www-ssrl.slac.stanford.edu/lcls/technotes/lcls-tn-06-3.pdf

The dipole field will also be characterized. As the beam is ± 3 mm large (1.24 mm rms) for the nominal tuning, a good field region of ± 6 mm has been defined for the dipole field. A requirement of $|\Delta B/B| < 10^{-3}$ at r = 6 mm for the dipole field is acceptable.

Receiving:

The following information is to be noted upon receipt of the magnets by the SLAC MFD group:

Received by:		← name
Date received:		← mm/dd/yy
SLAC drawing number:	SA-380-313-01	
Vendor serial number from magnet label:	2	
SLAC approved electrical safety covers?		Y/N

Place barcode sticker on magnet and duplicate the barcode sticker here →	901931
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Preparation:

The beam direction should be clearly labeled on the quadrupole and the field polarity should be arranged as shown in Fig. 1, with power supply generating positive current ('normal' polarity).

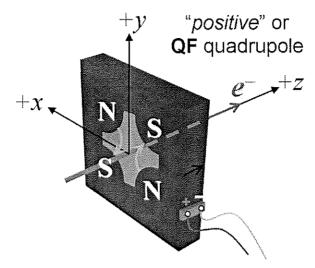


Figure 1. Polarity of quadrupole field with positive power supply output current ('normal' polarity).

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Beam direction arrow applied	ADF	← installer initials

Fiducialization:

Fiducialization has already been performed by the CMM group; attach their traveler to this traveler.

Magnetic Measurements:

Upon receipt of the magnet, the following information should be recorded:

Date of arrival to Magnetic Measurements group:	8/9/2-06	← mm/dd/yy
Responsible measurement operator name:	AVE	← name

URL of Magnetic Measurements Data File:

http://www-group stac. stunford.edu/MET/Mag Meas/Mag Data/ CCLS/quad/20105/

1) Verify that the magnets are complete and undamaged, including wiring connections.

Incoming inspection OK	ADF	← technician initials
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Please measure the length-integrated field, $\int Gdl$ over several current settings and the field harmonics as described below.

2) Connect the magnet to a bipolar 12-A power supply, preferably an MCOR12. Use care in turning these supplies on and off to limit current spikes that may occur. Run the magnet up to 8 A for $\sim 30 \text{ minutes}$ to warm it up (record temperature).

Ambient temperature	26.5	degrees C
Final magnet temperature	45.8	degrees C

Standardize the magnet, starting from 0 to +12 A, then through 3 full cycles from +12 A to -12 A and back up to +12 A, finally ending at -12 A (the MCOR12 ramp rate is not controllable, but a flat-top pause time of 5 seconds is desired at each maximum and minimum current).

Magnet standardized	ADF	7	technician name

4) Maintaining the history cycle, measure the length integrated gradient, $\int Gdl$, from -12 A to +12 A in 1-A steps, including zero (25 'up' measurements).

Data filename:	Strlat.rul	

5) Still maintaining the history cycle, measure $\int Gdl$ back down from +12 A to -12 A in 1-A steps, including zero (25 'down' measurements).

Data filename: 51-1 a1. VUA

Measure field harmonics at quadrupole coil settings of: -12, -6, +1, +6, and +12 A using about a 1-inch diameter probe.

Rotating coil name	062 _ 54	name
Rotating coil radius	0.012313	meters
Data filename:	hardat. rua	

Measurements will be reviewed by C.Limborg. At this point, for the first magnet, the physicists who will decide if additional characterization is required. The basic procedures, not including degaussing, will be repeated for QG02 and QG03.

2) Upon completion of tests, send traveler to Paul Emma (ms 103) who will contact C.Limborg

This section to be completed by system physicist P. Emma).		
Magnet accepted (signed):	Paul C.	Øn.
Assigned name (location):	$QG\phi2$	← Mad Deck Name

Upon full completion, send this traveler to Kathleen Ratcliffe at mailstop 18.

(see DE QGØ1 for dipole steering coil tests.

TE 8/21/06

